Lab Practicum #4

Unit Testing

Background:

A unit test is a piece of code written by a developer that exercises a very small, specific area of functionality of the code being tested.

Usually a unit test exercises some particular method in a particular context. For example, you might add a large value to a sorted list, then confirm that this value appears at the end of the list. Or you might delete a pattern of characters from a string and then confirm that they are gone.

Unit tests are performed to prove that a piece of code does what the developer thinks it should do.

Goal of the lab:

Consolidate theoretical knowledge by writing unit tests for .NET collection classes.

Task description:

- 1) Open Example Solution, study written unit tests. Run them using NUnit.
- 2) Create new test solution in Visual Studio 2008 (using NUnit or Microsoft unit testing framework available in professional version)
- 3) Write 10 unit tests for one of the following .NET classes:
 - a. Stack<>
 - b. Queue<>
 - c. List<>
 - d. SortedList<,>
 - e. Dictionary<,>
 - f. LinkedList<>
 - g. Hashtable
 - h. ArrayList
- 4) Use following guidelines:

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 - a. Test the most common functions (Add, Remove, Sort, Contains)
 - b. Test with boundary values (null, 0, -1, int.MaxInt)
 - c. Test exceptional situations (NullReferenceException, ArgumentOutOfRangeException, etc)

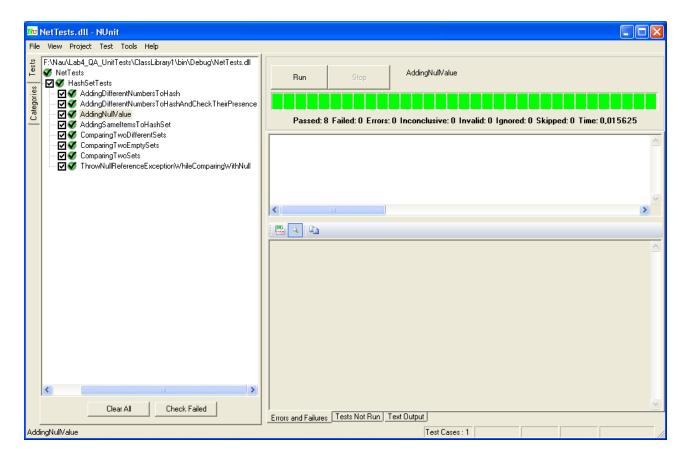
Outcome:

- 1) Unit Tests project.
- 2) Test results and test description document

Input Materials:

- 1) Andrew Hunt, David Thomas, Pragmatic Unit Testing In C# with NUnit,
- 2) http://geosoft.no/development/unittesting.html
- 3) http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Unit_testing
- 4) http://www.nunit.org/index.php
- 5) Example Solution.

Test results and test description



Test ComparingTwoSets:

Tests **SetEquals** function from HashSet<> class. Ensure that two hash sets built from different arrays of numbers are equals as sets.